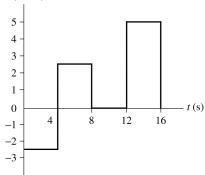
**13.3. Model:** The wheel is a rotating rigid body.

**Solve:** (a)  $\alpha$  (rad/s<sup>2</sup>)



The angular acceleration  $(\alpha)$  is the slope of the  $\omega$ -versus-t graph.

(b) The car is at rest at t = 0 s. It gradually speeds up for 4 s and then slows down for 4 s. The car is at rest from t = 8 s to t = 12 s, and then speeds up in the opposite direction for 4 s.